Developing an Indigenous Cultural Values Based Emoji Messaging System: A Socio-Technical Systems Innovation Approach



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" A Picture Is Worth A Thousand Words "

- 2020: 2 billion emoji sent in IOS daily 700 million emojis post in Facebook daily
 Emoji v13.0 3,304 emojis
- **1999 :** 176 emojis first created for NTT DoCoMo, Japan

How would the use of Emoji in IMS influence the life of the indigenous people in global south?

- Universality vs Diversity Cultural and Social Behaviour Hegemony
 - Sustainability of Indigenous Cultural Value and Identity

We are presenting to you one of the on-going research work carried out by the Institute of Social Informatics and Technological Innovation (ISITI), Universiti Malaysia Sarawak Sarawak, Malaysia with a community of Penans in the village of Long Lamai in Sarawak, Malaysia

- A Socio-Technical Systems Innovation Approach of TRIZ was adopted in developing the Oroo' Language Emoji System for the Penans
- The modelling of complex systems that embed the socio-cultural context without compromising cultural value

Why emojis are significant to the indigenous people ?



Source: Hurlburt, G. (2018). Emoji: Lingua Franca or Passing Fancy? IT Professional, 20(5), 14-19.



Prehistorical Cave Painting from the Painted Cave, Niah, Sarawak (Credit: <u>Malaysian Travels</u>)

• The natural pictographic and visual symbolic form of emoji allows it to be easily adapted to remote rural communities of indigenous people, particularly if it has been aligned with their cultural values.

Emoji Resembles The Form of A Natural Language

- Symbolic languages have been used by remote indigenous communities living in the rain forest of Borneo.
- Penans are one such nomadic community living in the Malaysian Borneo state of Sarawak who are still holding on to their visual symbol language called Oroo'

ISITI Living Laboratory, Long Lamai (established 2009)













have faith that we can manage these changes with clearly set rules. There are many ways to make a project successful so that it benefits the community. We are keen to learn new things"

"There are fears of negative influences, but we

Wilson Bian

(Long Lamai Headman) Source: The Star, 5 March 2012

Image Courtesy: Penan Archives, 2020

Oroo is a dynamic and live forest language, unlike the current emoji

References:

Oroo' Tangibles: Tools for learning secret sign language of forest (Plimmer et al., 2015) Creating New Signs to Revitalise the Sign Communication (Zaman & Winschiers-Theophilus, 2015) Fostering Grassroots Innovation among Penans (George, Kulathuramaiyer, Bala, 2020)

The Penan Oroo' Visual Symbol



*image courtesy of Franklin George

The Challenges

Universal Emoji Code

Emoji have been described as "the world's first truly universal form of communication" yet the meaning you ascribe to them does depend on your culture.

Alex Rawlings (Credit: BBC Future)

The universal form of emoji code tends to post a challenge in sustaining local cultural identity

- Who created the emoji?
- Who is the targeted user?



Ambiguity

• Different cultural coding (different interpretation in different culture)



Ambiguity

Different rendering platform •





Samsung



Twitter



Samsung





Samsung



Twitter

Shifting Indigenous Identity





Contradiction :

IF the use of new media become widely spreadTHEN there arises an opportunity to interact in the global communityBUT this could potentially lead to an identity shift for the indigenous community

Common Problems in the Development of Indigenous Communication System

- Indigenous communication is evolutionary in its design.
- Knowledge embedded is preserved, handed down, and shared.
- It is an aspect of culture which can only be appreciated by its people who are the insiders in a social research context.
- A designer who is an outsider would have a problem in developing a computer-mediated communication system.
- This imposed the issues of etic, emic and pseudo-etic / Insider vs Outsider challenge

Functioning Model of Etic, Emic and Pseudo-Etic Relationship



Our Solution

Cultural Values Based Emoji Messaging System

- Adoption of socio-technical systems innovation approach.
- Integrate the social and technical development of the indigenous community while sustaining cultural values at the same time.
- Theory of Inventive Problem Solving (TRIZ) used in the modelling of socio-technical systems.

Typical TRIZ Engineering System Model



Cultural Values Based Emoji Messaging System Model



PRiSMA (Siew, Yeo & Zaman, 2013)



In this project:

- We drawn the attention to the hegemonic problem of universal Unicode emoji design and its challenge to the sustainability of the indigenous cultural values.
- A socio-technical systems innovation model would be able to provide a space for the indigenous people to self create, own and use the emoji system to sustain their cultural value and identity from generation to generation.
- We go in line with the ICT4D 3.0 (Bon, 2014) world view:
 - Breaking the monopolisation of emoji creation and selection through the dynamic homegrown bottom-up emoji approach.
 - Shaping technologies can be in accordance with cultural values and needs as opposed to allowing technologies to shape humans.

Thank You